



**Department of  
Environmental  
Conservation**

# **Dam Removal: Data & Resources**

**Brian Buchanan, Hydrologist**  
**Connecting Our Streams Workshop**

# Outline

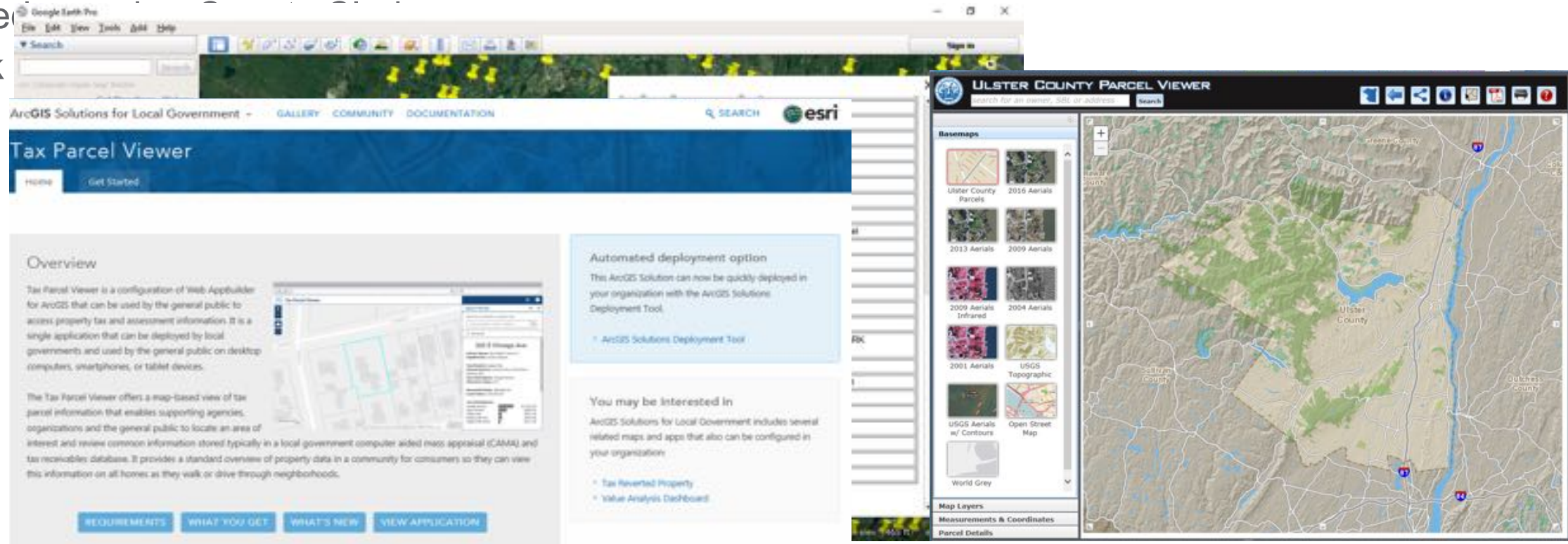
Initial Reconnaissance  
Prioritization Tools  
Ghost Dams  
Existing Guidance  
Dam Removal Costs  
Funding Opportunities



# Initial Reconnaissance

## Dam or Nearby Property Ownership

- Dam Inventory – NYS GIS Data Clearinghouse & Google Earth
- Tax parcels – NYS GIS Data Clearinghouse; parcel viewers
- Deed
- Ask



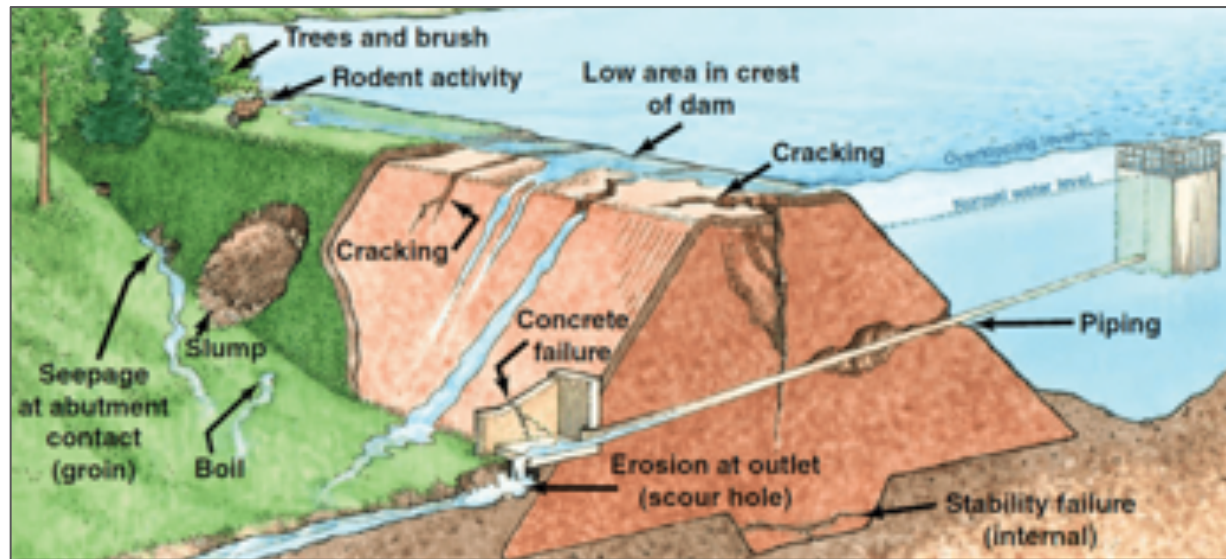


# Initial Reconnaissance

## Existing issues with the dam(s)

- NYSDEC Dam Safety: guidance documents
- NYSDEC Dam Safety: inspection reports
- Consult with dam owner and nearby property owners

### Common Structural Issues



Spalling and Cracking

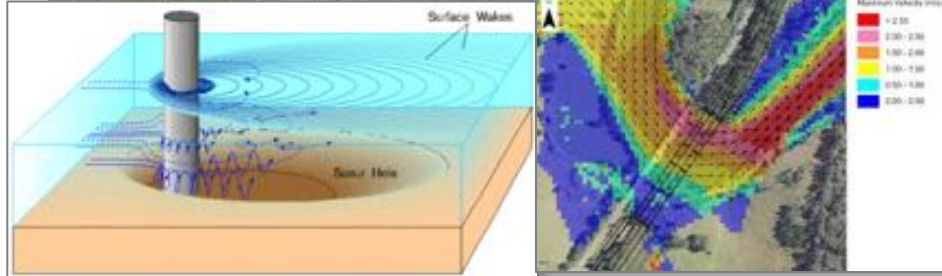


# Initial Reconnaissance

## Issues with nearby infrastructure

- Field recon and desktop analyses (overlay of streams, roads, utility networks, etc)
- Hydraulic modeling

### Bridges



### Utility Lines





# Initial Reconnaissance

## Impacts to Rare Species or Habitats

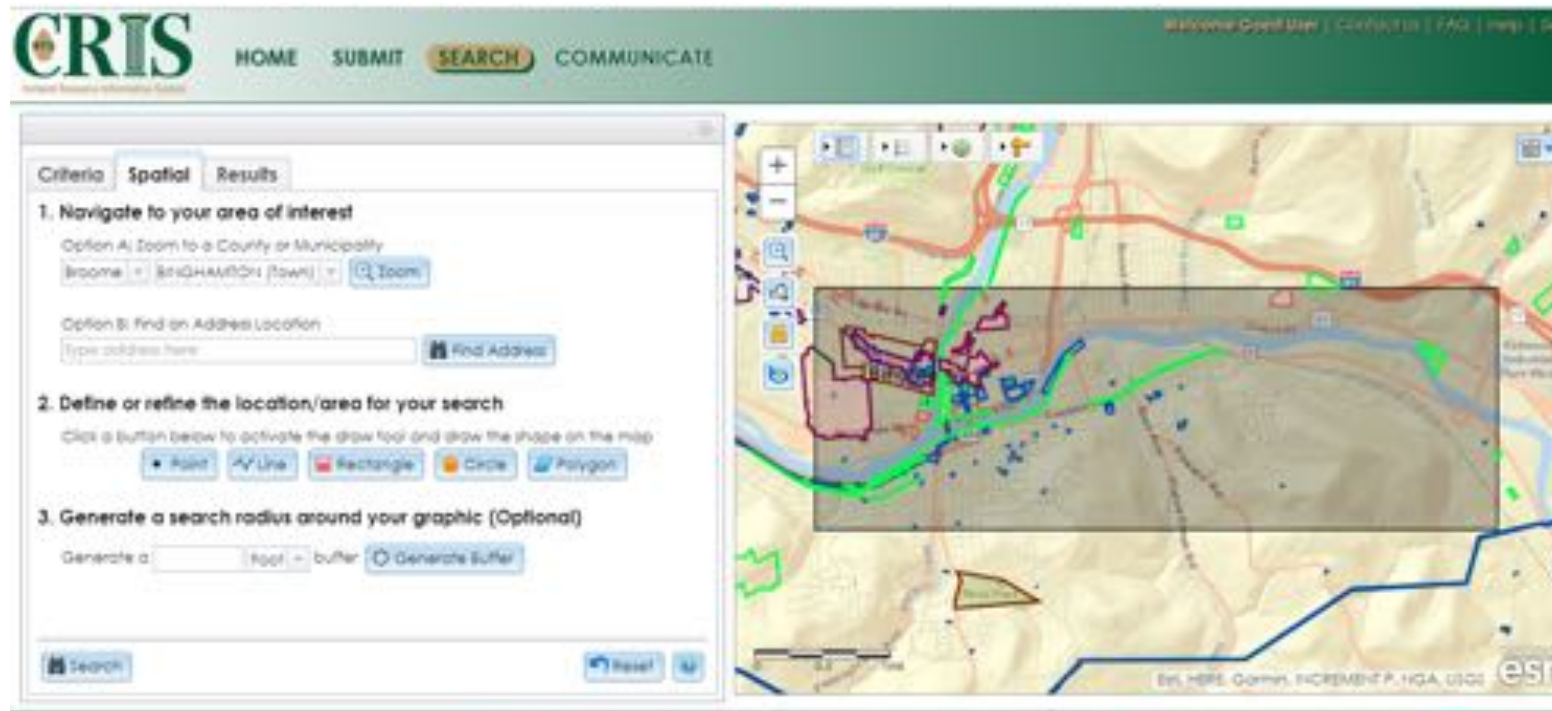
- Hudson Valley Natural Resource Mapper
- Biological Surveys of Site



# Initial Reconnaissance

## Impacts to Historic or Cultural Resources

- Cultural Resource Information System Web Tool
- Contact the State Historic Preservation Office



# Initial Reconnaissance

## Sediment Quality & Quantity

- Upstream Contaminant Sources: DEC Info Locator
- Upstream Land Use: GIS Data Clearinghouse: Model My Watershed
- Existing
- Hudson River
- NYSD

DECinfo Locator

Base Map: Topographical

Model My Watershed

DECinfo Locator

Base Map: Topographical

Parameter	Required Detection Limits (mg/kg)	Class A Threshold Values (mg/kg)	Class B Threshold Values (mg/kg)	Class C Threshold Values (mg/kg)	NY- Unrestricted	NY- Residential
<b>Physical Properties</b>						
Grain Size - % passing 200#	---	NE	NE	NE	---	---
Total Organic Carbon	---	NE	NE	NE	---	---
<b>Metals</b>						
Arsenic	3.0	<14	14 - 53	>53	13	36
Cadmium	1.0	<0.2	0.2 - 9.5	>9.5	2.5	2.5
Copper	5.0	<33	33 - 207	>207	50	270
Mercury	0.2	<0.17	0.17 - 1.6	>1.6	0.18	NA
Lead	2.0	<33	33 - 166	>166	63	400
<b>Petroleum Compounds</b>						
Benzene	0.0003	<0.59	0.59 - 2.16	>2.16	0.06	2.9
Total BTX	0.0008	<0.96	0.96 - 5.9	>5.9	NA	NA
Total PAH	0.33	<4	4 - 35	>35	NA	NA
<b>Pesticides</b>						
Sum DDT+DDE+DDD	0.0033	<0.003	0.003 - 0.03	>0.03	NA	NA
Chlordane	0.0017	<0.003	0.003 - 0.036	>0.036	0.094	0.91
Dieldrin	0.0033	<0.11	0.11 - 0.48	>0.48	0.006	0.039
<b>Chlorinated Hydrocarbons</b>						
Sum of PCBs and PCBs	0.033	<0.1	0.1 - 1	>1	0.1	1
Dioxin (Toxic Equivalency Total)	0.000002	<0.0000045	0.0000045 - 0.00005	>0.00005	NA	NA

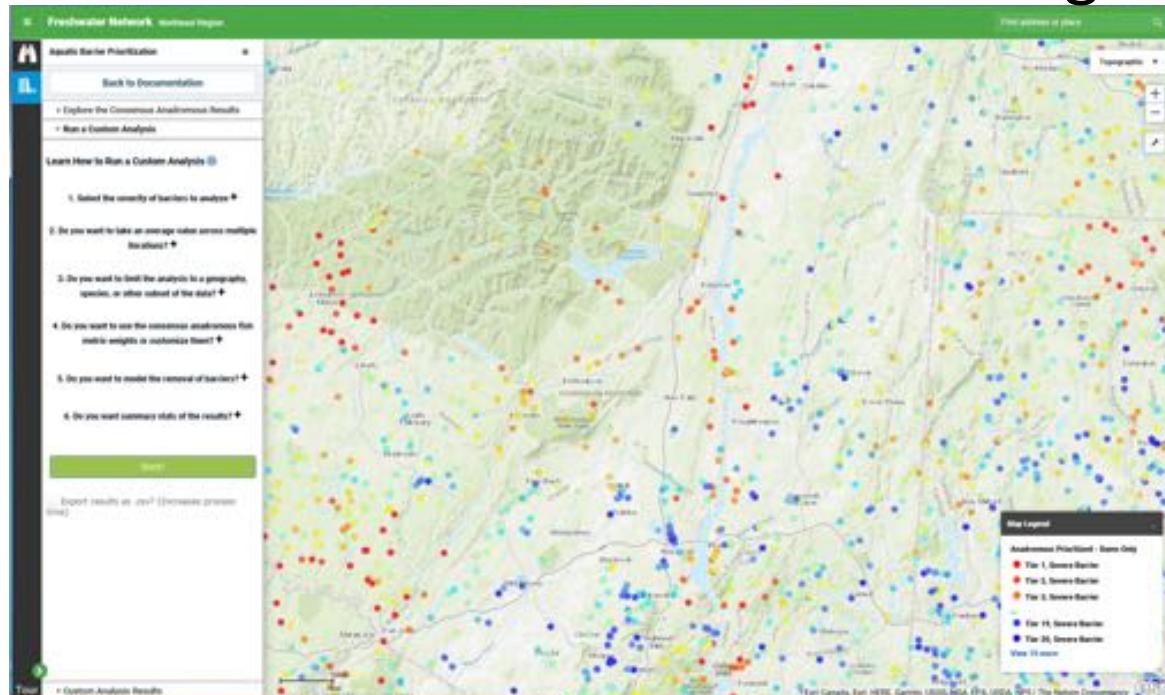


Department of  
Environmental  
Conservation

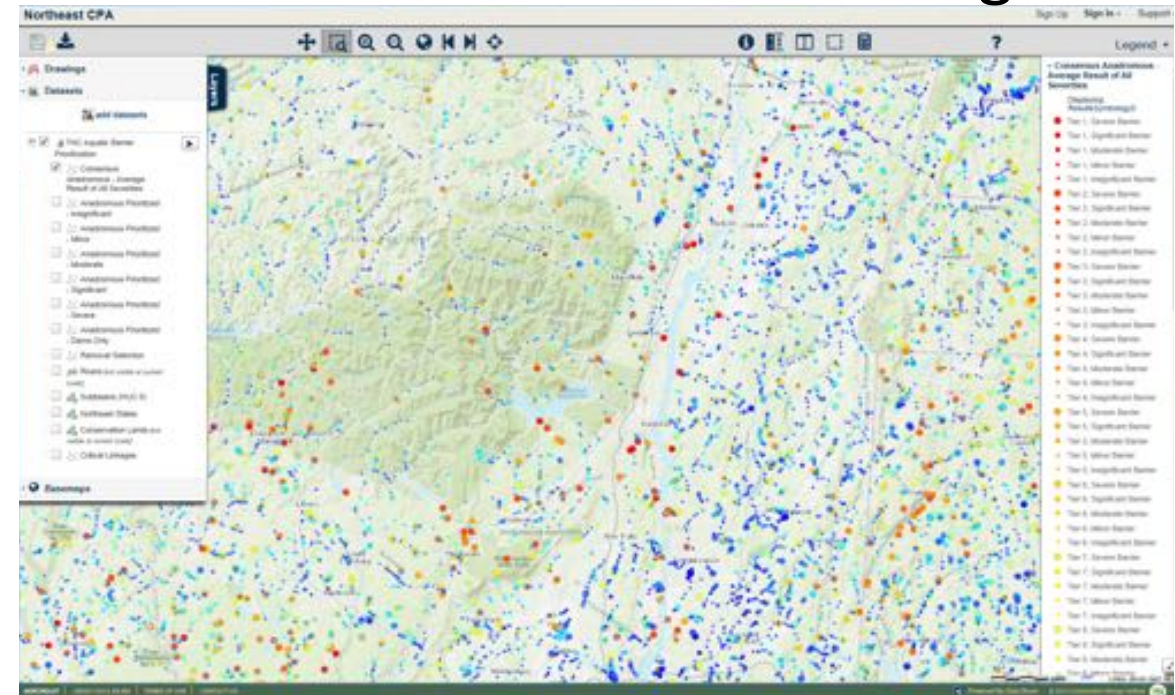


# Prioritization Tools

Freshwater Network - Northeast Region



Northeast Conservation Planning Atlas



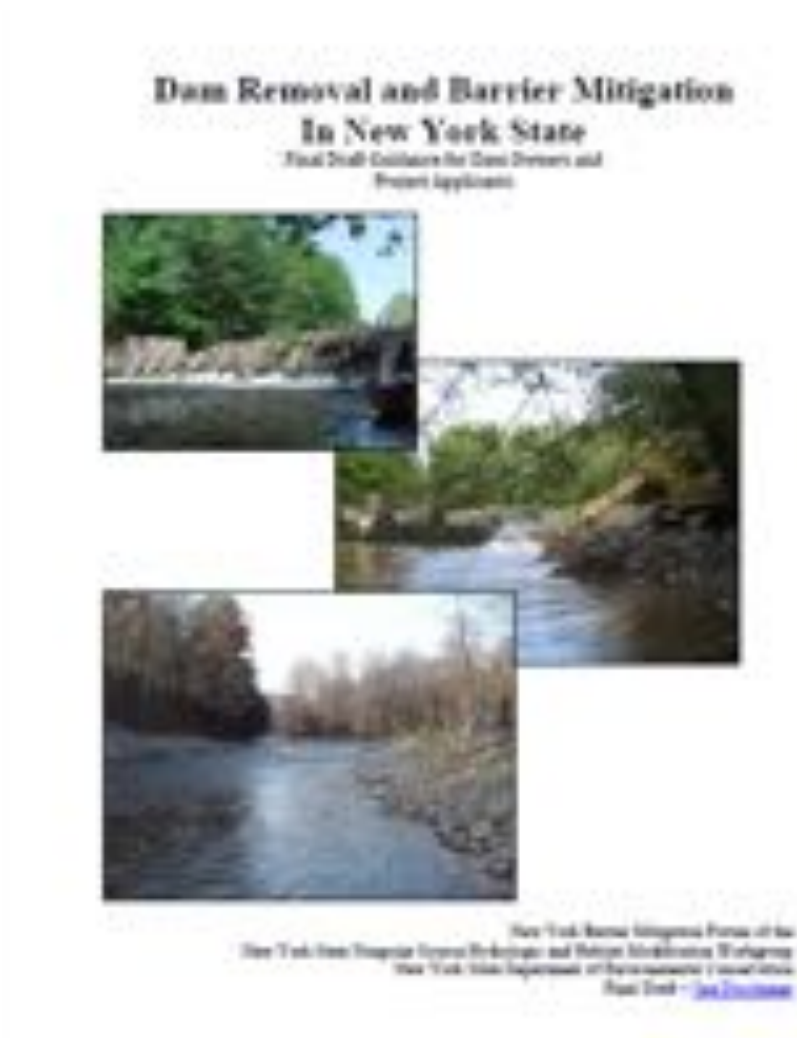
# Ghost Dams

Automated approach to identify hidden dams in the Estuary Watershed



Watershed	NYS Dams	Ghost Dams	Increase
Foundry Brook	12	41	3.4
Lattintown Creek	4	53	13.3

# NYSDEC Dam Removal Guidance



**Step One:** Consider Your Options and Who Can Help You

**Step Two:** Research, Plan and Design Project

**Step Three:** Prepare Permit Application Package

**Step Four:** File All Required Permit Application and Comply  
with Permit Review and Issuance Procedures

**Step Five:** Implement Project and Consider Any Post-Removal  
Mitigation Measures



# Dam Removal Costs

## Cost Estimator Spreadsheet

Input Parameters:					
Dam Height (ft)	25				
Dam Length (ft)	200				
Purpose	No Important Purpose				
Type	Other				
Outputs:					
Parameter	Source				
	Zheng et al., 2008	Neeson et al., 2005	McManamay et al., 2019	NYSDOT	
Estimated Cost	\$ 182,325	\$ 379,802	\$ 356,891	\$ 902,201	
Inflation Factor	1.37	1.13	1		
Final Cost	\$ 248,785	\$ 429,166	\$ 356,891	\$ 902,201	
Dataset attributes:					
Sample Size	118	104	33		
Data source	MacIin and Sicchio, 1999; JCF Consulting, 2005; American Rivers, 2007	American Rivers	Rhode Island Habitat Restoration Portal	Friends of the Earth, American Rivers, Trout Unlimited	
Dollar Year	2006	2012	2019	2011	
Inputs	Height, Length, Purpose	Height	Height	Height	
Range of Dam Heights	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	3ft - 20ft	

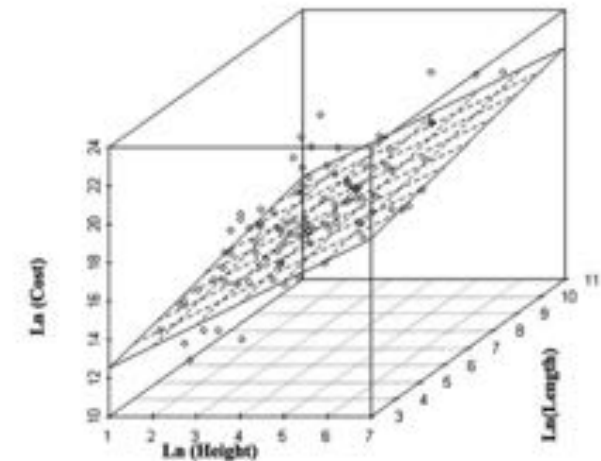


Figure 2. Scatterplot of dam removal cost (2006 dollars) versus dam height (ft, 3.28 ft = 1 m) and length (ft) (log transformed).

$$\ln(C_j^{dam}) = \underbrace{7.79}_{(S.E.=0.52)} + \underbrace{0.80}_{(0.1^{**})} \ln(Height_j) + \underbrace{0.33}_{(0.00^{***})} \ln(Length_j) + \underbrace{1.49}_{(0.26)} (Ftu)$$

DamSize
DamPurj

# Northeast U.S. Cost Breakdowns

<u>Phase</u>	<u>Range</u>	<u>Median</u>
Feasibility	\$15,000 - 145,000	\$30,000
Engineering Design	\$10,000 - 100,000	\$33,000
Permitting*	\$4,000 - 80,000	\$20,000
Construction†	\$35,000 - 290,000	\$150,000

\*estimated range because work often done in-house with staff time, for significantly less than consultant costs

† includes construction oversight

# Cost of Repair vs. Removal

Dam (removal date)	Repair (\$)	Cost (\$)	% More Expensive to Repair	Times More Expensive to Repair
Lake Christopher Dam, CA (1994)	\$ 160,000	\$ 100,000	60%	1.6
Edwards Dam, ME (1999)	\$ 9,000,000	\$ 2,100,000	329%	4.3
Grist Mill Dam, ME (1998)	\$ 150,000	\$ 56,000	168%	2.7
Sandstone Dam, MN (1995)	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 208,000	381%	4.8
Two-Mile Dam, NM (1994)	\$ 4,100,000	\$ 3,200,000	28%	1.3
Rat Lake Dam, WA (1989)	\$ 261,000	\$ 52,000	402%	5.0
Waterworks Dam, WI (1998)	\$ 694,600	\$ 213,770	225%	3.2
Mounds Dam, WI (1998)	\$ 3,300,000	\$ 500,000	560%	6.6
Newport No.11 Dam, VT (1996)	\$ 783,000	\$ 550,000	42%	1.4
Pilchuck Diversion Dam (2020)	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 1,500,000	33%	1.3
Bartlett Pond Dam, MA (2014)	\$ 671,000	\$ 325,000	106%	2.1
Condit Dam, WA (2012)	\$ 52,400,000	\$ 24,800,000	111%	2.1
Whittenton Pond Dam, MA (2013)	\$ 1,900,000	\$ 447,000	325%	4.3

Repair/Replace  
1.3 – 6.6 times  
more expensive





# Funding Opportunities

Grant Name	Funder	Brief Description	Funding Range	Match Requirement	Deadline	Eligibility	Website	Category
NYSDEC Hudson River Tributary Restoration Grant	NYSDEC	Grants support restoration of free-flowing waters by funding planning and construction projects to remove dams and remove/right-size culverts. Eligible projects must conserve or restore habitat connectivity for American eel or river herring in tributary streams of the Hudson River.	\$10,500 - \$1,025,000	None	Typically Jan-Feb.	Non-profits, conservation groups/agencies, municipalities	<a href="https://www.dec.ny.gov/enb/20180214_not0.html">https://www.dec.ny.gov/enb/20180214_not0.html</a>	Implementation
Hudson River Estuary Program - Local Stewardship Planning	NYSDEC	Grant projects must benefit the estuary ecosystem and can include resilience planning, habitat restoration planning, green infrastructure planning and others.	\$10,500 - \$50,000	15% Local Match	Typically July	Non-profits, private consultants, conservation groups, municipalities	<a href="http://www.dec.ny.gov/lands/5091.html">http://www.dec.ny.gov/lands/5091.html</a>	Planning
Restoration of Watershed Connectivity, Hudson River Estuary Program	NEIWPCC	Supports projects that will help restore aquatic habitat connectivity for herring and eel and reduce local flood risks.	\$100k - \$105k	None	Typically Jan-Feb.	Non-profits, private consultants, conservation groups, municipalities	<a href="http://neiwpcc.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/02/2018-Watershed-Reconnection.pdf">http://neiwpcc.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/02/2018-Watershed-Reconnection.pdf</a>	Planning
Water Quality Improvement Project (WQIP) Program	NYSDEC	WQIP funds projects that directly address documented water quality impairments and/or barriers to aquatic passage (bridges, culverts, dams).	\$0 - \$250k	25% match for habitat restoration	--	Non-profits, conservation groups/agencies, municipalities	<a href="https://www.dec.ny.gov/pubs/4774.html">https://www.dec.ny.gov/pubs/4774.html</a>	Planning & Implementation
Community-based Habitat Restoration Project	NOAA	Provides funds to restore coastal ecosystems, support species recovery and help rebuild fish populations, and likely yield community and economic benefits.	\$75k - \$3mil	none	01/14/19	private landowners, state & local gov't, universities, nonprofits and for-profits	<a href="https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/feature-story/noaa-seeks-applications-community-based-habitat-restoration-project-funding">https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/feature-story/noaa-seeks-applications-community-based-habitat-restoration-project-funding</a>	Planning & Implementation
FEMA Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP), Pre-Disaster Mitigation (PDM), and Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) grant programs	FEMA	Provides pre- and post-disaster funds to address Localized Flood Risk Reduction, Floodplain and Stream Restoration, and Infrastructure Retrofits, including dam removal and culvert right-sizing.	max = \$4mil	25%	--	individuals, industry, communities & nonprofits may apply via a local/state/tribal gov't that must have an FEMA-approved Hazard Mitigation Plan	<a href="https://www.fema.gov/hazard-mitigation-grant-program">https://www.fema.gov/hazard-mitigation-grant-program</a> ; <a href="https://www.fema.gov/flood-mitigation-assistance-grant-program">https://www.fema.gov/flood-mitigation-assistance-grant-program</a> ; <a href="https://www.fema.gov/pre-disaster-mitigation-grant-program#">https://www.fema.gov/pre-disaster-mitigation-grant-program#</a>	Planning & Implementation
Green Innovation Grant Program - New York State Environmental Facilities Corporation	NYSEFC	Provides grants to projects that improve water quality and demonstrate green infrastructure practices in New York. GIGP has supported dam removals and stream restoration projects.	--	10% - 60%	July	state & interstate agencies, local gov't, nonprofits, private entities, soil and water conservation districts	<a href="https://www.efc.ny.gov/GIGP">https://www.efc.ny.gov/GIGP</a>	Implementaion

# Water Quality Improvement Project (WQIP) Program

The Water Quality Improvement Project (WQIP) program is a competitive, statewide reimbursement grant program that funds projects that directly address documented water quality impairments or protect a drinking water source. This funding is for construction/implementation projects, not projects that are exclusively for planning.



# Water Quality Improvement Project (WQIP) Program

## Round 16 (2019) WQIP project types :

- Wastewater Treatment Improvement
- Nonagricultural Nonpoint Source Abatement and Control
- Land Acquisition for Source Water Protection
- Salt Storage
- Aquatic Connectivity Restoration
- Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4)





# Water Quality Improvement Project (WQIP) Program

## Aquatic Connectivity Restoration

- Projects to replace culverts and bridges or remove dams;
- Purpose is to eliminate barriers to fish and other wildlife;
- Other benefits: reduce flooding and erosion;
- Projects of up to \$250,000
- Match – 25% of the total award
- Municipalities, SWCDs, & Not-for-Profits



# Water Quality Improvement Project (WQIP) Program

## Nonagricultural Nonpoint Source

- Eight (8) project subtypes Including “Culvert Repair and Replacement”
- Primary purpose must be to address erosion;
- AOP is not the primary goal although projects that also improve AOP, reduce flooding and protect infrastructure will receive additional points.
- Projects up to \$1,000,000;
- Match – 25% of award total
- Municipalities and SWCDs



# EXTRAS



# Initial Reconnaissance

## Community Concerns

- Interviews with stakeholders to document any social barriers to removal



# Feasibility/Design/Permitting Costs

Median consulting costs from 20+ northeast U.S. projects (not all projects include each cost item)

General project management	\$4,700
Meetings (per meeting consultant fees)	\$1,400
Existing data collection & analysis	\$3,500
Surveying (structure, x-sections, profile, bathymetry, refusal depths)	\$10,100
Hydrology & Hydraulics	\$7,600
Sediment characterization (quantity and grain size)	\$5,000
Sediment quality (cost per core)	\$400-1,000
Concept design drawings and narrative	\$8,100
Final design drawings and specs	\$11,400
Cost estimating	\$2,300
Permitting	\$20,000



# Construction Costs

Median costs from 10 northeast projects (actual project costs or engineer's probable cost estimates)

Staging and mobilization (silt fencing, moving equipment, signage, staking, fencing, etc.)	\$20,200
Dewatering (pumping, piping, channeling, coffer dams, sandbagging, etc.)	\$13,200
Structure removal/disposal	\$22,200
Clean sediment removal/disposal (~4,000 c.y.)	\$50,000
Contaminated sediment removal/disposal (~4,000 c.y.) (at hazardous waste facility)	\$1,800,000
Channel/habitat work (channel construction, bioengineering, habitat features, grade control, etc.)	\$10,500
Planting/seeding	\$8,000
Construction oversight	\$21,000
Contingency (15-30%)	\$28,000



# Potentially Expensive “Extras”

## Contaminant management

- ex. \$1.8 million for removal/disposal of 4,000 c.y. at hazardous waste facility

## Replacing uses

- ex. \$62,000 to replace fire protection water supply with two 20,000 gallon tanks

## Infrastructure protection or replacement

- ex. \$230,000 to replace bridge (~20-ft. span)

## Relocating/protecting utilities

- ex. \$32,000 to relocate sewer/water pipes

